NRO review(s) completed.

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OFFICE OF SPECIAL ACTIVITIES DD/S&T CHRONOLOGICAL HISTORY

1. OSA began its life organizationally in early 1955 as a small project group of about six people grafted onto the staff of R. M. Bissell, Jr., then Special Assistant for Policy Coordination, Office of the DCI (SAPC/DCI). The project, of course, was the covert development and operation of the U-2 aircraft in conjunction with the USAF, and was known as Project AQUATONE. A formal agreement with Air Force was signed by Mr. Dulles and General Twining in June of that year, delineating areas of responsibility for both parties to the pact.

2. The SAPC/DCI relationship continued as the Project grew, but	
as it emerged and gave signs of surviving beyond the 13 to 17 months	
operational life forecast for it as the beginning, and as field	
detachments were deployed by mid-1957,	
SAPC/DCI strength topped Technically, this brought the on-	
board strength of the Director's Office to and when	
this was brought to Mr. Dulles' attention, he was horrified and directed	
that something be done to reduce the apparent swelling in his personal	
staff. The AQUATONE personnel were separated from Mr. Bissell's personal	
staff and renamed the Development Projects Staff, retaining their	
organizational affiliation with the Director only in the term DPS/DCI.	
Mr. Bissell wore two hats as SAPC/DCI and as Chief, DPS. The group which	
became later known as COMOR, was attached to SAPC/DCI as the ARC (Ad Hoc	
Requirements Committee), the first unified effort to codify strategic	
intelligence requirements and to differentiate them from tactical	
intelligence requirements.	

3. This condition pertained until February 1959, when Mr. Bissell	L
became DD/P. At that point, the group was renamed Development Projects	3
Division and was headed for the first time by an Air Force Officer,	
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4. By the time DPD was blended into DD/P, it was no longer single
project-oriented,
1958, preliminary work had begun on a successor system to AQUATONE (by
then named CHALICE) under the cryptonym GUSTO. Active work was under way
on development of Project CORONA, a satellite photo system which emerged
from the ashes of the abortive Air Force System 117L (Pied Piper).
cancelled as a cover ploy in March 1958, to permit covert development of
CORONA ostensibly under ARPA. In September 1959, OXCART became a project



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launching with Air Force the it was operating two major Cl Japan) and it was starting to OXCART Mach 3 aircraft. 6. On 28 February 1962 DD/P, DPD was transferred to	nuary 1960, DPD was on the verge of first CORONA mission (it was unsuccessful), HALICE detachments overseas (Turkey and o work cutting titanium for the first	25X1 25X1
move in March of 1962 to the the same time.	new building. It was also renamed OSA at	25X1
13 March 1963, it was not lo moved to the SOC of NRO in tafter establishment of DD/S&	ment of the NRO by DOD/CIA agreement of ng before satellite operations responsibility he Pentagon (1964). OSP was formed shortly I in the fall of 1963. OSP then assumed all systems and OSA reverted to concern only	25X1
with manned reconnaissance s	ystems (IDEALIST, OXCART) and development of manned systems like ISINGLASS. The new	
	MILESTONE DATES	
24 November 1954	U-2 Project approved by President.	
10 June 1955	USAF/CIA Agreement on Project AQUATONE.	
June 1955	Project AQUATONE staff formed under SAPC/DCI.	
6 August 1955	First flight of U-2, eight months after contract let.	25X1

20 June 1956

First U-2 overflight of Soviet Bloc countries.

4 July 1956

First U-2 flight over Russia.

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20 August 1956	Second U-2 detachment deployed to Adana, Turkey.
11 September 1956	First U-2 overflight (of Middle East) from Turkey.
February 1957	Third U-2 detachment deployed to Atsugi, Japan.
20 June 1957	First U-2 overflight in Far East over Russia.

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Mar c h 1958	Project CORONA started; 117L system (Pied Piper) cancelled by USAF.
l September 1958	Land Panel approved GUSTO effort leading to OXCART; first GUSTO contract let.
21 January 1959	First CORONA launch.
June 1959	Presidential approval for OXCART advanced feasibility study.
4 September 1959	Letter of intent with Lockheed for OXCART.
November 1959	CORONA cover moved from ARPA to SAFSS/USAF.
November 1959	Presidential approval to proceed with OXCART
8 February 1960	Production contract for OXCART let.
1 May 1960	Last U-2 overflight of Russia.
20 August 1960	First successful CORONA flight after 13 failures.

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October 1960	U-2 detachment in Turkey returned to U.S.;
26 October 1960	regrouped at EAFB.
	First U-2 flight over Cuba from U. S.

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November 1960	U-2 detachment in Japan returned to U. S., regrouped at EAFB.
15-19 April 1961	Air operations, Bay of Pigs.
26 April 1962	First flight of OXCART aircraft,
9 May 1962	First Mach 3 flight of OXCART aircraft.
5 October 1962	Last CIA U-2 flight over Cuba (50 flown in all).
29 February 1964	A-11 surfaced by President.
23 November 1965	OXCART declared operationally ready.
	OSA ACCOMPLISHMENTS
1. Developed and operate	ed U-2 program for ten years (1956-66).
2. Developed first opera	ational satellite reconnaissance system in world.
3. Developed first opera	ational Mach 3 aircraft in world.
4. Developed TALENT and	TKH systems
5.	
6. Furnished entire air	support to Cuban operation.
7.	
8. Located first SA-2 s	ite in Cuba during 1962 missile crisis.

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9.	Established first combined world-wide communications and avionics capability in CIA.	
10.	Established first and only CIA-industry secure communications network.	,
11.		25X1